1. (currently amended): A device for printing onto a medium, said device comprising:

a mesh-like substrate having amultiple holes;

each of said holes being configured to hold a material for application onto said medium, wherein said material is a solid;

a nozzle forto expelling a fluid to cause said material to be applied onto said medium if said fluid is expelled onto said material by said nozzle,

wherein at least one of said nozzle and said substrate is being
maneuverable such that said nozzle may be disposed substantially directly over
at least one of said hole at a time; and

wherein said nozzle is operable to expel said <u>fluid liquid</u> onto said material to thereby cause said material to be applied onto said medium and thereby print an image on said medium.

- 2. (original): The device according to claim 1, wherein said substrate comprises a continuous loop.
- 3. (original): The device according to claim 1, wherein said substrate comprises a substantially circular configuration.
- 4. (canceled): The device according to claim 1, further comprising a plurality of mesh-like substrates, wherein each of said mesh-like substrates is operable to support a different material.

Continued !

- 5. (original): The device according to claim 1, further comprising a scraper for removing excess material from said mesh-like substrate.
- 6. (original): The device according to claim 1, wherein said fluid comprises a liquid or a gas.
- 7. (canceled): The device according to claim 1, wherein said material comprises a liquid or a solid substance.
- 8. (original): The device according to claim 1, wherein said hole comprises a generally conical configuration.
- 9. (original): The device according to claim 1, further comprising a power source connected to said mesh-like substrate to supply electricity to said mesh-like substrate, whereby said material may be held within said hole by a charged attraction between said mesh-like substrate and said material.
- 10. (currently amended): The device according to claim 9, wherein said supplied electricity is capable of magnetically charging said mesh-like substrate, whereinby said material may be held within said hole by a magnetically charged attraction between said substrate and said material.
- 11. (currently amended): The device according to claim 221, wherein said material is a fluid and is configured to be held within said hole by capillary forces.

Cathringal

12. (currently amended): A method for printing onto a medium, said method comprising:

applying a material onto a mesh-like substrate having a hole, wherein said material is a solid;

filling a portion of said hole with said material; and
expelling a fluid from a nozzle at a substantially high rate of speed
toward said material held within said hole, wherein said fluid is configured to
contact said material and cause said material to be substantially forced out of
said hole and applied onto said medium.

13. (original): The method according to claim 12, further comprising:

removing excess material from said hole with a scraper.

- 14. (currently amended): The method according to claim 12, wherein said material applying step comprises maneuvering the substrate such that certain portions thereof are placed under a depositing said material from a supply bin to receive said material spaced from said nozzle.
- 15. (currently amended): The method according to claim 14, further comprising:

moving at least one of said mesh-like substrate and said nozzle to a position generally below said nozzle such that a portion of said mesh-like substrate containing said material is in position to have said material forced out of said hole by operation of said nozzle.

(currently amended): The method according to claim 12, wherein 16. said material application step further comprises applying material into a second hole of said mesh-like substrate;

maneuvering at least one of said mesh-like substrate, said nozzle, and said medium in response to an additional material application being required; and

expelling fluid from said nozzle toward said material held within said second hole, wherein said fluid is configured to contact said material and cause said material to be substantially forced out of said hole and applied onto said medium.

(original): The method according to claim 12, further 17. comprising:

cleaning a substantial portion of any remaining material on said meshlike substrate in response to said mesh-like substrate requiring cleaning.

(original): The method according to claim 12, further 18. comprising:

applying additional material on said mesh-like substrate in response to additional application of material onto said medium being required.

(currently amended): A computer readable storage medium on 19. which is embedded one or more computer programs, said one or more computer programs implementing a method for printing onto a medium, said one or more computer programs comprising a set of instructions for:

applying a material onto a mesh-like substrate having a hole, wherein said material is a solid;

filling a portion of said hole with said material; and

expelling a fluid from a nozzle at a substantially high rate of speed toward said material held within said hole, wherein said fluid is configured to contact said material and cause said material to be substantially forced out of said hole and applied onto said medium.

(original): The computer readable storage medium according to 20. claim 19, said one or more computer programs further comprising a set of instructions for:

moving said mesh-like substrate to a position generally below said nozzle such that a portion of said mesh-like substrate containing said material is in position to have said material forced out of said hole.

(original): The computer readable storage medium according to 21. claim 19, said one or more computer programs further comprising a set of instructions for:

applying said material into a second hole of said mesh-like substrate; maneuvering said mesh-like substrate and said medium in response to an additional material application being required; and

expelling fluid from said nozzle toward said material held within said second hole, wherein said fluid is configured to contact said material and cause said material to be substantially forced out of said hole and applied onto said medium.

22. (new): A device for printing onto a medium, said device comprising: a mesh-like substrate having multiple holes;

each of said holes being configured to hold a material for application onto said medium, wherein said material is a liquid;

a nozzle to expel a fluid to cause said material to be applied onto said medium if said fluid is expelled onto said material by said nozzle,

a power source connected to said mesh-like substrate to supply electricity to said mesh-like substrate, whereby said material may be held within said hole by a charged attraction between said mesh-like substrate and said material;

wherein at least one of said nozzle and said substrate is maneuverable such that said nozzle may be disposed substantially directly over at least one of said hole at a time; and

wherein said nozzle is operable to expel said fluid onto said material to thereby cause said material to be applied onto said medium and thereby print an image on said medium; and.

23. (new): The device according to claim 22, wherein said supplied electricity is capable of magnetically charging said mesh-like substrate, wherein said material is held within said hole by a magnetically charged attraction between said substrate and said material.